L T P C 4 0 0 3

## COMPUTER PROGRAMMING

## Learning objectives:

Formulating algorithmic solutions to problems and implementing algorithms in C.

- Notion of Operation of a CPU, Notion of an algorithm and computational procedure, editing and executing programs in Linux.
- Understanding branching, iteration and data representation using arrays.
- Modular programming and recursive solution formulation.
- · Understanding pointers and dynamic memory allocation.
- · Understanding miscellaneous aspects of C.
- Comprehension of file operations.

# UNIT-I:

**History and Hardware** - Computer Hardware, Bits and Bytes, Components, Programming Languages - Machine Language, Assembly Language, Low- and High-Level Languages, Procedural and Object-Oriented Languages, Application and System Software, The Development of C Algorithms The Software Development Process.

#### UNIT-II:

Introduction to C Programming- Identifiers, The main () Function, The printf () Function Programming Style - Indentation, Comments, Data Types, Arithmetic Operations, Expression Types, Variables and Declarations, Negation, Operator Precedence and Associativity, Declaration Statements, Initialization.

**Assignment** - Implicit Type Conversions, Explicit Type Conversions (Casts), Assignment Variations, Mathematical Library Functions, Interactive Input, Formatted Output, Format Modifiers.

# UNIT -III:

# Control Flow-Relational Expressions - Logical Operators:

Selection: if-else Statement, nested if, examples, Multi-way selection: switch, else-if, examples. Repetition: Basic Loop Structures, Pretest and Posttest Loops, Counter-Controlled and Condition-Controlled Loops, The while Statement, The for Statement, Nested Loops, The dowhile Statement.

## UNIT-IV

Modular Programming: Function and Parameter Declarations, Returning a Value, Functions with Empty Parameter Lists, Variable Scope, Variable Storage Class, Local Variable Storage Classes, Global Variable Storage Classes, Pass by Reference, Passing Addresses to a Function, Storing Addresses, Using Addresses, Declaring and Using Pointers, Passing Addresses to a Function.

Case Study: Swapping Values, Recursion - Mathematical Recursion, Recursion versus Iteration.

#### UNIT-V:

## Arrays & Strings

Arrays: One-DimensionalArrays, Input and Output of Array Values, Array Initialization, Arrays as Function Arguments, Two-Dimensional Arrays, LargerDimensionalArrays- Matrices Strings: String Fundamentals, String Input and Output, String Processing, Library Functions

## **UNIT-VI:**

## Pointers, Structures, Files

**Pointers**: Concept of a Pointer, Initialisation of pointer variables, pointers as function arguments, passing by address, Dangling memory, address arithmetic, character pointers and functions, pointers to pointers, Dynamic memory management functions, command line arguments.

**Structures**: Derived types, Structures declaration, Initialization of structures, accessing structures, nested structures, arrays of structures, structures and functions, pointers to structures, self referential structures, unions, typedef, bit-fields.

Data Files: Declaring, Opening, and Closing File Streams, Reading from and Writing to Text Files, Random File Access

#### **Outcomes:**

- Understand the basic terminology used in computer programming
- · Write, compile and debug programs in C language.
- · Use different data types in a computer program.
- Design programs involving decision structures, loops and functions.
- Explain the difference between call by value and call by reference
- · Understand the dynamics of memory by the use of pointers
- Use different data structures and create/update basic data files.

## Text Books:

- 1. ANSI C Programming, Gary J. Bronson, Cengage Learning.
- 2. Programming in C, Bl Juneja Anita Seth, Cengage Learning.
- 3. The C programming Language, Dennis Richie and Brian Kernighan, Pearson Education.

## Reference Books:

- 1. C Programming-A Problem Solving Approach, Forouzan, Gilberg, Cengage.
- 2. Programming with C, Bichkar, Universities Press.
- 3. Programming in C, ReemaThareja, OXFORD.
- 4. C by Example, Noel Kalicharan, Cambridge.